

CONSTANTINOPLE IS CAPTURED BY THE YOUNG TURKS; THOUSANDS ARE KILLED; SULTAN MADE A PRISONER

BALTIMORE PLANT ABLAZE; GENERAL ALARM IS SENT IN

Immense Docks on Harbor Front Threatened by Flames.

EXPLOSIONS HEARD ALL OVER THE CITY

Big Oil Works Doomed and Firemen Fight to Hold Fire in Check.

BALTIMORE, April 24.—A general alarm of fire, "the four 2's" has just been sounded for a blaze in the plant of the Sun Oil Plant, located alongside of the immense docks of the New York and Baltimore Transportation Company, on the south side of Baltimore Harbor.

Explosions like the boom of great cannon are following one another in rapid succession and the detonations are plainly heard over the city.

A big steamer has just been hauled away from the dock of the Transportation Company ablaze at her bow. Every piece of fire apparatus, both surface and water has been called to the scene.

FIRE IN WAREHOUSE DOES GREAT DAMAGE

BALTIMORE, April 24.—A fire broke out in the large warehouse at 408 South Euter street and extended through the block to Conway street, shortly before 10 o'clock today.

Three alarms were sounded. The fire at 11 o'clock was under control, but was still burning fiercely. The building is occupied by the Brown Implement Company, the International Harvester Company, and four other farming implement and cordage firms. Three men of Engine Company No. 25 were overcome by smoke in the building and were rescued with difficulty by their comrades. The damage will be heavy.

SOME HOPE IS FELT FOR MRS. DALZELL

Condition Today Remains Unchanged, But Her Family Is Hopeful.

The condition of Mrs. John Dalzell, wife of Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania, who is dangerously ill at her home, 1906 New Hampshire avenue, is unchanged today.

JAMES CONNOR SUES TRACTION COMPANY

Ten thousand dollars damages are asked in a suit filed today by James Connor against the Capital Traction Company.

Mr. Connor declares that he was a passenger upon a car of the defendant company December 19, 1908, and that when he attempted to alight near the Peace Monument he was thrown to the ground by the sudden starting of the car. He is represented by Attorneys William E. Amoroso and John Lewis Smith.

WEATHER REPORT.

There have been showers in the Atlantic and Gulf States, snows in the southern upper Lake region, and light local snows in the extreme Northwest; elsewhere fair weather prevailed.

It is considerably cooler in the Atlantic and Gulf States, and the weather will be fair tonight and Sunday in the East and South. Temperatures will rise generally on Sunday. The winds along the middle Atlantic coast will be moderate northerly.

FORECAST FOR THE DISTRICT.
For the District fair tonight; possibly light frost in exposed places. Sunday fair, warmer; light north to northeast winds.

TEMPERATURE	
5	45
9	46
10	48
11	49
Noon	52
1 p. m.	54
2 p. m.	56

SUN TABLE.	
Sun rises	5:11
Sun sets	6:45

TIDE TABLE.	
Today—High tide	11:30 a. m.; 1:54 p. m.
Low tide	5:22 a. m.; 6:01 p. m.
Tomorrow—High tide	12:12 a. m.; 2:12 p. m.
Low tide	5:15 a. m.; 7:58 p. m.

\$1.25 To Baltimore and Return.
Saturdays and Sundays via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good returning until Sunday night. All regular trains except the Congressional Limited.—Adv.

NORTH'S DISMISSAL APPEARS PROBABLE

Charges Against Director of Census Discussed by the Cabinet.

SECRETARY NAGEL MAKES COMPLAINT

Department Head Alleges Insubordination and Too Much Politics.

That S. N. D. North, Director of the Census, is to lose his position in the Government service as a result of difficulties between himself and Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel, is the well-grounded impression in Administration circles today.

The matter was up at the recent meeting of the Cabinet, as a result of charges of insubordination made by Mr. Nagel against Mr. North, and at a conference this morning between the President and the Secretary, under whose department the Census Bureau is now conducted, it was again discussed.

At the Cabinet meeting, where the charges were first discussed, a majority of the members of the Cabinet agreed with Mr. Nagel that Mr. North's resignation should be demanded.

Other Points At Issue.
In addition to the charge of insubordination, there are others affecting conditions in the Census Bureau. These, however, are of such a nature that they cannot be discussed at this time without the risk of seeming to implicate innocent parties.

One of the main objections to Mr. North on the part of Mr. Nagel is that the director of the census, it is said, has disregarded the wishes of the Secretary in one or two instances, and that North has relied on his tremendous following in Congress to back him up in doing things objected to by the department. It is also said North recently appeared before Congressional committees and made representations differing from statements made to Congress by the head of the department.

Open Rupture Admitted.

There is no tendency on the part of Government officials to deny that the issue is now fairly joined between the Secretary and the Director of the Census. Mr. Nagel was the official head of Mr. North. Mr. Nagel is a man slow to wrath and is careful in arriving at conclusions. Before reaching this one, he had a careful investigation made of conditions in the department. Results of this report were made known to Mr. Taft when Mr. Nagel broached the subject to the President, and it was after this that the matter was laid before a full meeting of the Cabinet.

Mr. North was in conference with the President yesterday afternoon at a late hour.

In addition to the friction between the director and Mr. Nagel, it is also said today that Ormsby McHarg, Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, feels that conditions might be bettered by giving the directorship of the census to some man other than Mr. North.

Director Out of Office.
The director could not be found at his office this morning. He was said by officials of the census that he had left there early in the morning and was not expected to return until this afternoon.

President could neither affirm nor deny the existence of the situation, but had reached an acute stage. Mr. Nagel, at the end of his conference with the President, declared that the matter was laid before a full meeting of the Cabinet.

Among those familiar with the situation, it is said today this is not the first instance of friction between Mr. North and the head of the department, and that Secretary Strauss gave up in despair his efforts to prevent Mr. North's disregard for some of his wishes. In that case, as in this, it is charged, North relied on his strong influence with members of the House and Senate.

If the conditions, as outlined to the President, are found to be substantiated, there is no doubt at all that Mr. North's resignation will be summarily demanded. It is expected that when he came at an extremely inconvenient time, for Mr. North has made all the preliminary arrangements for taking the next census, and his successor (Continued on Third Page.)

RECHAD EFFENDI,
Favored For the Throne By Young Turks.

SULTAN ABDUL HAMID,
From a New Photograph.



SULTAN'S PALACE IN CONSTANTINOPLE WHERE THE RULER OF TURKEY IS BEING HELD PRISONER

BOY WITH MEASLES PRESIDENT'S GUEST

Son of Representative Cox Visits Tafts—May Have Spread Disease.

Has young Jim Cox, the six-year-old son of Representative Cox of Ohio, given the President the measles?

It appears the President has been exposed. At least, he has come perilously near it. Moreover, it is said that when a boy Taft never had measles.

It happened in this way. Jim Cox has a great admiration for President Taft. For a long time he has been anxious to go and see him. On Wednesday of this week his father took him over to the White House. In his usual hearty fashion, the President received his young caller, talked things over with him, and finally gave him one of his autograph photos.

When Jim went away he was the happiest boy in Washington. Representative Cox, however, is not so sure. He has been told that the President has the measles. He has been told that the President has the measles. He has been told that the President has the measles.

ROOSEVELT WILL SEND OUT HIS OWN STORIES

Former President Warns United States Against Accounts of His Killing Pink Elephants and Blue Zebras. Expedition Draws Big Following.

KAPITI, British East Africa, April 24.—With his interest keyed to the highest pitch as a result of the splendid outlook for an early bag of big game, Colonel Roosevelt took the precaution today to warn the press against "bear stories" and fanciful narratives of his feats as a hunter.

"Just remember this," said the colonel, laughingly, "the only authoritative stories of the success of our expedition will be brought back to Nairobi by our own runners. I warn you against any stories of our shooting pink elephants or blue zebras which may drift in from unconfirmable sources."

Roosevelt's admonition to beware of fakes was the result of the widespread attention, even among the natives, his coming has attracted.

So great is this interest that it is going to be exceedingly difficult for the party to make its expeditions into the jungle without being followed. The native equipment of the native gun and the splendid outfit of the party has attracted the attention of the natives, and it is going to be difficult to drive off the stragglers and camp followers anxious to be enrolled with the former President.

At 10 o'clock this morning Colonel Roosevelt had not yet determined whether he would make a start today or wait until Monday.

At a conference with the newspaper and magazine correspondents with the party, Roosevelt this afternoon again exacted from each the promise that each had been forced to make before being furnished accommodation aboard the steamer Admiral, and required to repeat before being admitted to the special train which brought the party from Mombasa here.

This promise was that under no conditions would the correspondents attempt to continue with the Roosevelt party farther than Nairobi. In addition to the promise by which each correspondent is bound, it was made further evident that any attempt to follow the party would be useless when the acting governor of the province, the Hon. F. J. Jackson, gave his promise to Colonel Roosevelt, that any correspondent who attempted to "pitch himself to the party" would have his passport taken up and would be expelled.

One of Roosevelt's greatest achievements was the production of the great Wagnerian opera "Parsifal," which he produced in 1903—the first time the opera had been given outside of Bayreuth.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Heinrich Conried, former director of the Metropolitan Opera House, died at Meran, Austria, today, according to a dispatch received here.

Conried's death was the result of a nervous breakdown which forced him to relinquish his connection with the Metropolitan and go to Europe for his health. His wife was with him when he died.

One of Conried's greatest achievements was the production of the great Wagnerian opera "Parsifal," which he produced in 1903—the first time the opera had been given outside of Bayreuth.

INVADING ARMY GAINS CONTROL OF THE CAPITAL

Following Surrender of Reactionaries Victors Set About Task of Restoring Order, and Fear of Rioting Is No Longer Felt by the Populace.

ATTACKING FORCE PROVES WELL TRAINED

Two Foreigners Are Reported in List of Killed and an American Newspaper Man Wounded—All Embassies Well Guarded During Trouble.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.—Following is the record of the historic events of the last eighteen hours:

7 p. m.—Young Turks and Sultan's troops clashed at Daoud barracks, occupied by former, during absence of the latter at the Selamluk; two killed.

April 24.—5 a. m.—Sultan's troops renewed fighting at Daoud barracks. Young Turks volleyed; scores killed.

7 a. m.—Young Turks swarmed into Pera quarter, attacking Daoud Pasha, Taxim, Tophanoh, Matchka, and Tasch Kischla barracks with machine guns. At the same time all barracks and defenses of Yildiz Kiosk, the Sultan's palace, were attacked by infantry and machine guns. The palace itself was not attacked.

7:30 a. m.—Battalion of Sultan's troops took up stand before Belgian legation. Young Turks attack. Legation riddled but none of the occupants injured. Sultan's troops fled. Russian embassy also shot up.

7:30 to 7:45 a. m.—Bloodiest fight of the day waged in Grande Rue De Pera, through which a regiment of the Sultan's troops was pursued and slaughtered before the eyes of hundreds of tourists viewing the spectacle from house tops.

8 a. m.—Garrison defending Sultan's palace surrendered.

8:15 a. m.—Tophanoh and Matchka barracks surrendered.

8:30 a. m.—Battalion of Young Turks surrounded Sultan's palace, making him a prisoner.

9 a. m.—Conference between Young Turks leaders and Sultan reported under way.

11 a. m.—Details of Young Turks sent to guard foreign legations and banks, and assure non-combatants there will be no danger.

Same hour—Removal of the dead bodies and all the evidences of fighting started by Young Turks.

12 noon.—Taxim guardhouse, the last point of resistance by the Sultan's troops, surrendered to the Young Turks after five hours' fighting and after structure had been riddled by artillery.

1 p. m.—Young Turks in complete possession of Constantinople.

Sultan's Forces Surrender City After Desperate Resistance

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.—Constantinople has fallen. After a night of the bloodiest fighting between the 5,000 fanatical soldiers forming the Sultan's guard and the Young Turks forces, under the command of Chetk Pasha, the garrison of the Yildiz Kiosk, surrendered this morning.

It is estimated that 2,000 soldiers were killed in the fighting and thousands were wounded.

The garrison fought with the wildest courage, and the survivors did not surrender until their barracks had been demolished by the fierce artillery fire of the Young Turks, and the garrison itself practically exterminated.

The foreign population is in no immediate danger, though two foreigners are reported to have been killed. Frederick Moore, an American correspondent for the New York Sun, is among the injured.

He was shot while trying to take a picture of the start of the fighting. The soldiers mistook his camera for a deadly machine and fired upon him.

Danger of Massacre.

There is the gravest danger that one of the bloodiest massacres in the world's history is soon to be enacted. The entire Mohammedan population of Constantinople threatens to rise up and seek revenge for what they consider the Christian victory of the Young Turks, and the danger that confronts their religion. The investing army of Young Turks is far too small to combat the fanatical thousands, should they begin rioting, as there are nearly a million fanatics in Constantinople and the territory.

Sultan's Fate Unknown.

The fate of the Sultan is unknown at the time of the filing of this message. He is hidden away in the palace, but the resistance of his troops is believed by all to mark his doom. His deposition and possibly his execution is momentarily expected.

The fighting really began last night at 7 o'clock, when the soldiers of the Daoud barracks returned from attending the Sultan on his trip to and from the Selamluk ceremony in the mosque, and found that the Young Turks soldiers